This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method for reconstructing global geometry of a two-

dimensional barcode susceptible to geometrical distortion, said barcode having a two-

dimensional pattern composed of a plurality of contrasting polygons and comprising a

plurality of common corners located at different locations within the two-dimensional

pattern, each common corner defined by a group of said contrasting polygons located

adjacent to each other, said method comprising the steps of:

(a) acquiring an image of at least a part of the two-dimensional pattern;

(b) comparing at least a portion of the acquired image with at least one

template pattern for finding a match therebetween, each of said at least one template

pattern comprising a group of contrasting sections located adjacent to each other

defining at least one further common corner;

(c) locating a number of common vertices within the two-dimensional pattern

based on the further common corner;

(d) obtaining a plurality of distances between the located common corner; and

(e) determining [the] linearity of at least a portion of the two-dimensional

pattern based on the obtained distances in order to reconstruct global geometry of the

barcode.

(10028887.1) Page 2 of 6

Appin. No.: 10/736,036 Amdt. Dated July 23, 2004

Reply to Office Action dated June 7, 2004

2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the template pattern is a pattern in a

frequency domain, said method further comprising the step of:

transforming the portion of the acquired image into a transformed image in the

frequency domain so as to carry out the comparing step in the frequency domain.

3. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the frequency domain has a plurality of

frequencies in a frequency range, said comparing comprising the steps of:

(a) obtaining a difference between the template pattern and the transformed

image at said plurality of frequencies in the frequency domain,

(b) summing the differences over the frequency domain for providing an error

measurement, and

(c) determining whether the match is found based on the error measurement.

4. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein the difference at each of said plurality of

frequencies is raised to a power of N prior to said summing, wherein N is a number

greater than 0.

5. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the contrasting polygons are rectangular

and each common corner is defined by four adjacent contrasting polygons.

6. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein each further common vertex is defined by

four adjacent contrasting polygons.

Appln. No.: 10/736,036 Amdt. Dated July 23, 2004

Reply to Office Action dated June 7, 2004

7. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the contrasting polygons are black and

white.

8. (currently amended) A data processing system for use in conjunction with an

imaging device for recognizing a two-dimensional barcode on an item, said barcode

having a two-dimensional pattern composed of a plurality of contrasting polygons and

comprising a plurality of common corners located at different locations within the two-

dimensional pattern, each common corner defined by a group of said contrasting

polygons located adjacent to each other, the imaging device disposed relative to the

item for acquiring at least a part of the two-dimensional pattern for providing data

indicative of the acquired pattern, said two-dimensional barcode susceptible to

geometrical distortion, said system comprising:

(a) a data input device, operatively connected to the imaging device, for

receiving data indicative of the acquired pattern;

(b) a software program, responsive to the received data, for carrying out a

plurality of data processing steps, which comprises:

(c) comparing at least a portion of the acquired pattern with at least one

template pattern for finding a match therebetween, each of said at least one template

pattern comprising a group of contrasting sections located adjacent to each other

defining at least one further common corner;

(d) locating a number of common vertices within the two-dimensional pattern

based on the further common corner;

(e) obtaining a plurality of distances between the located common corner; and

(10028887.1) Page 4 of 6

Appln. No.: 10/736,036 Amdt. Dated July 23, 2004

Reply to Office Action dated June 7, 2004

(f) determining [the] linearity of at least a portion of the two-dimensional

pattern based on the obtained distances in order to reconstruct global geometry of the

barcode.

9. (original) The system of claim 8, wherein the template pattern is a pattern in a

frequency domain, said data processing steps further comprise:

transforming the portion of the acquired image into a transformed image in the

frequency domain so as to carry out the comparing step in the frequency domain.

10. (original) The system of claim 9, wherein the frequency domain has a plurality of

frequencies in a frequency range, said comparing comprising the steps of

(a) obtaining a difference between the template pattern and the transformed

image at said plurality of frequencies in the frequency domain,

(b) summing the differences over the frequency domain for providing an error

measurement, and

(c) determining whether the match is found based on the error measurement.